

## Installation and maintenance instructions



uniSTOR

VIH GB .../3 BES

**GB, IE**

**Publisher/manufacturer**

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## 1 Safety

### 1.1 Action-related warnings

#### Classification of action-related warnings

The action-related warnings are classified in accordance with the severity of the possible danger using the following warning signs and signal words:

#### Warning symbols and signal words



##### **Danger!**

Imminent danger to life or risk of severe personal injury



##### **Danger!**

Risk of death from electric shock



##### **Warning.**

Risk of minor personal injury



##### **Caution.**

Risk of material or environmental damage

### 1.2 Risk caused by inadequate qualifications

The following work must only be carried out by competent persons who are sufficiently qualified to do so:

- Set-up
- Dismantling
- Installation
- Start-up
- Inspection and maintenance
- Repair
- Decommissioning
- ▶ Proceed in accordance with current technology.

### 1.3 Intended use

There is a risk of injury or death to the user or others, or of damage to the product and other property in the event of improper use or use for which it is not intended.

The product is intended as a system component for domestic hot water generation and storage for closed central heating installations.

Intended use includes the following:

- observance of accompanying operating, installation and maintenance instructions

for the product and any other system components

- installing and setting up the product in accordance with the product and system approval
- compliance with all inspection and maintenance conditions listed in the instructions.

Intended use also covers installation in accordance with the IP code.

Any other use that is not specified in these instructions, or use beyond that specified in this document, shall be considered improper use. Any direct commercial or industrial use is also deemed to be improper.

#### **Caution.**

Improper use of any kind is prohibited.

### 1.4 General safety information

#### 1.4.1 Risk of death due to lack of safety devices

The basic diagrams included in this document do not show all safety devices required for correct installation.

- ▶ Install the necessary safety devices in the installation.
- ▶ Observe the applicable national and international laws, standards and directives.

#### 1.4.2 Risk of death from electric shock

There is a risk of death from electric shock if you touch live components.

Before commencing work on the product:

- ▶ Disconnect the product from the power supply by switching off all power supplies at all poles (electrical partition with a contact gap of at least 3 mm, e.g. fuse or circuit breaker).
- ▶ Secure against being switched back on again.
- ▶ Check that there is no voltage.

#### 1.4.3 Risk of being burned or scalded by hot components

- ▶ Only carry out work on these components once they have cooled down.



## 1 Safety

### 1.4.4 Risk of material damage caused by using an unsuitable tool

- ▶ Use the correct tool.

### 1.4.5 Risk of material damage caused by frost

- ▶ Do not install the product in rooms prone to frost.

### 1.4.6 Risk of injury due to the heavy weight of the product

- ▶ Make sure that the product is transported by at least two people.

### 1.5 Regulations (directives, laws, standards)

- ▶ Observe the national regulations, standards, directives, ordinances and laws.



## 2 Notes on the documentation

### 2.1 Observing other applicable documents

- ▶ Always observe all the operating and installation instructions included with the system components.

### 2.2 Storing documents

- ▶ Pass these instructions and all other applicable documents on to the end user.

### 2.3 Validity of the instructions

These instructions apply only to:

#### Product article number

VIH GB 120/3 BES	0010019215
VIH GB 150/3 BES	0010019216
VIH GB 180/3 BES	0010019217
VIH GB 200/3 BES	0010019218
VIH GB 250/3 BES	0010019219
VIH GB 300/3 BES	0010019220

### 2.4 Benchmark

Vaillant is a licensed member of the Benchmark Scheme.

Benchmark places responsibilities on both manufacturers and installers. The purpose is to ensure that customers are provided with the correct equipment for their needs, that it is installed, commissioned and serviced in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions by a competent person approved at the time by the Health and Safety Executive and that it meets the requirements of the appropriate Building Regulations. The Benchmark Checklist can be used to demonstrate compliance with Building Regulations and should be provided to the customer for future reference.

Installers are required to carry out installation, commissioning and servicing work in accordance with the Benchmark Code of Practice which is available from the Heating and Hotwater Industry Council who manage and promote the Scheme.

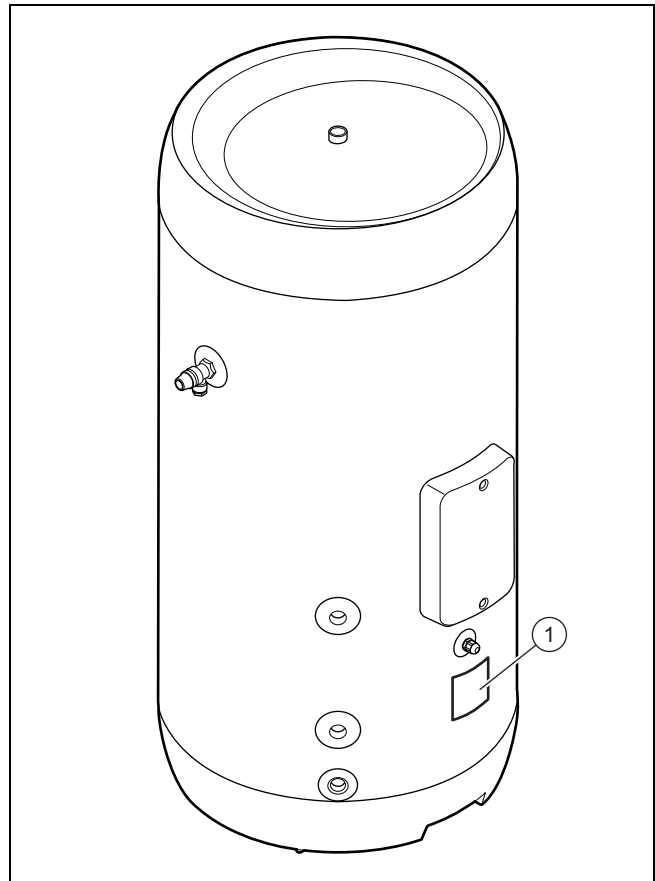
Benchmark is managed and promoted by the Heating and Hotwater Industry Council.



For more information visit [www.centralheating.co.uk](http://www.centralheating.co.uk)

## 3 Product description

### 3.1 Serial number



You can find the serial number on the data plate (1), which is located on the cylinder below the electronics box.

### 3.2 Information on the identification plate

The identification plate is attached to the product at the factory.

The identification plate keeps record of the country in which the product is to be installed.

This product meets the requirements of standard EN 12897:2006.

### 3.3 CE marking



The CE marking shows that the products comply with the basic requirements of the applicable directives as stated on the declaration of conformity.

The declaration of conformity can be viewed at the manufacturer's site.

## 4 Set-up

### 3.4 Hot Water Association

Vaillant is a full member of the Hot Water Association and promotes the scheme in association with its cylinder range. Details are available on the web site [www.vaillant.co.uk](http://www.vaillant.co.uk)



## 4 Set-up

### 4.1 Observing the requirements for the product's installation site



**Caution.**  
**Material damage due to frost**

If the water in the system freezes, there is a risk of damage to the domestic hot water cylinder.

- ▶ Install the cylinder in a dry, permanently frost-free room.



**Caution.**  
**Material damage due to escaping water**

In the event of damage, water may escape from the cylinder.

- ▶ Select the installation location so that, in the event of damage, large volumes of water can be drained safely (e.g. into a floor drain).



**Caution.**  
**Material damage due to high load**

When filled, the cylinder may damage the ground on which it stands due to its weight.

- ▶ Take into consideration the weight of the filled cylinder and the load-bearing capacity of the floor.
- ▶ If required, reinforce the installation area.

Select a sensible installation site and take into consideration the routing of the pipework system.

Install the cylinder as close as possible to the heat generator in order to minimise heat losses.

Set up the product in a suitable location in a room and, when doing so, pay attention to the following points:

- Plan the installation of the tundish (→ Page 9).
- The installation surface must be even and have sufficient load-bearing capacity to support the operating weight of the product.
- The installation site must be frost-free.

- Install the product in such a way that the thermostat and immersion heater can be accessed easily.
- Leave sufficient space around the product for installing, maintaining and replacing the expansion vessel.

To prevent heat losses, the pipework system must have heat insulation in accordance with the applicable energy-saving regulations.

### 4.2 Transport

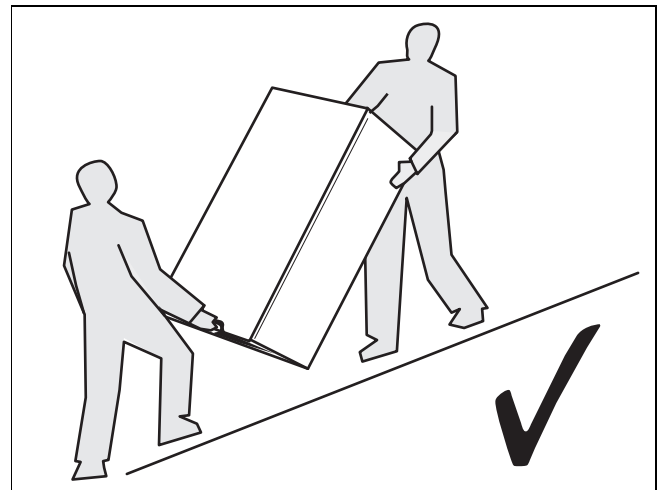


**Caution.**

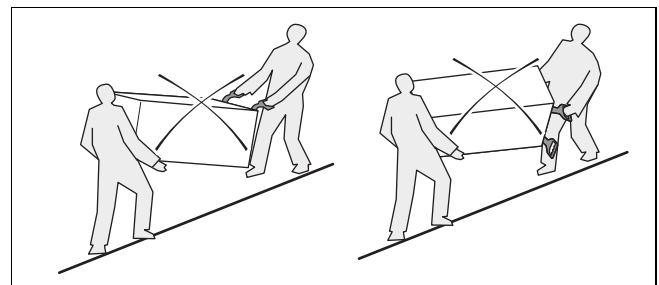
**Risk of material damage caused by incorrect transport.**

The components attached to the cylinder must not be used to transport the cylinder. Otherwise there is a risk that the cylinder could malfunction.

- ▶ Do not use the components attached to the cylinder to transport it.



Always transport the unit as illustrated above.

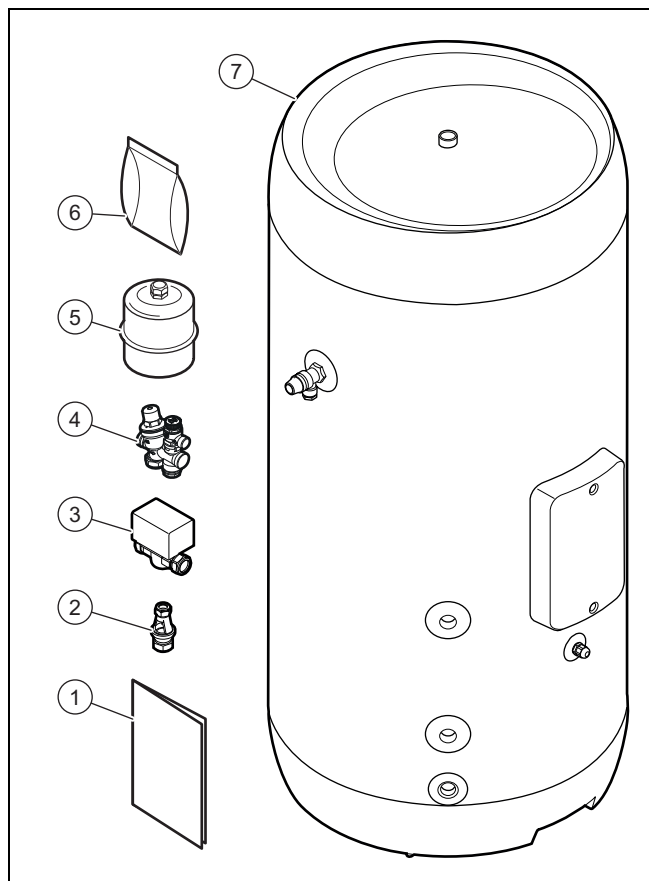


Never transport the unit while it is horizontal.

### 4.3 Unpacking the product

1. Remove the product from its box.
2. Remove the protective film from all of the product's components.

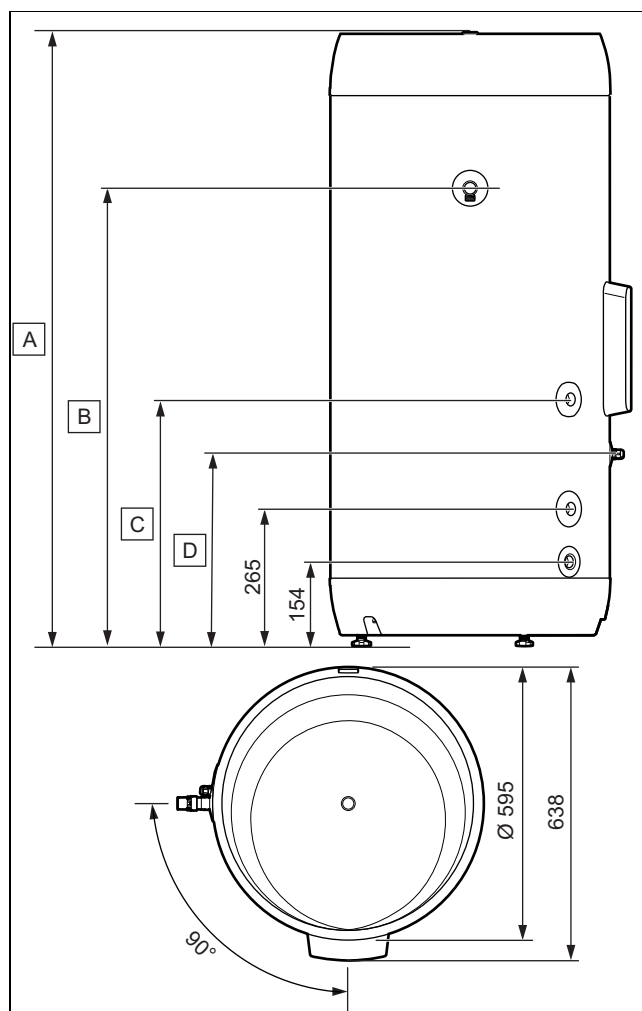
### 4.4 Checking the scope of delivery



- Check that the scope of delivery is complete.

Reference point	Quantity	Description
1	1	Enclosed documentation
2	1	Tundish with retainer
3	1	2-way motorised valve
4	1	Safety group
5	1	Expansion vessel
6	1	Bag with accessories
7	1	Domestic hot water cylinder and temperature and pressure relief valve

### 4.5 Product dimensions



#### Dimensions (mm)

	A	B	C	D
VIH GB 120/3 BES	840	555	379	317
VIH GB 150/3 BES	1,000	675	379	317
VIH GB 180/3 BES	1,165	840	495	380
VIH GB 200/3 BES	1,265	940	495	380
VIH GB 250/3 BES	1,535	1,210	495	380
VIH GB 300/3 BES	1,745	1,420	495	380

# 5 Installation

## 5 Installation

### 5.1 Setting up the unit horizontally

- ▶ Align the product vertically by adjusting the adjustable feet.

### 5.2 Hydraulic connection



#### Caution.

#### Risk of damage caused by heat transfer when welding.

The heat that is transferred during welding may damage the cylinder and its components as well as the connection seals.

- ▶ Protect the product and its components.
- ▶ Do not weld the connection pieces if these have been screwed into the pipe fittings.



#### Caution.

#### Risk of material damage by drilling through the product.

The product may be damaged by drilling work.

- ▶ Do not drill through the product.

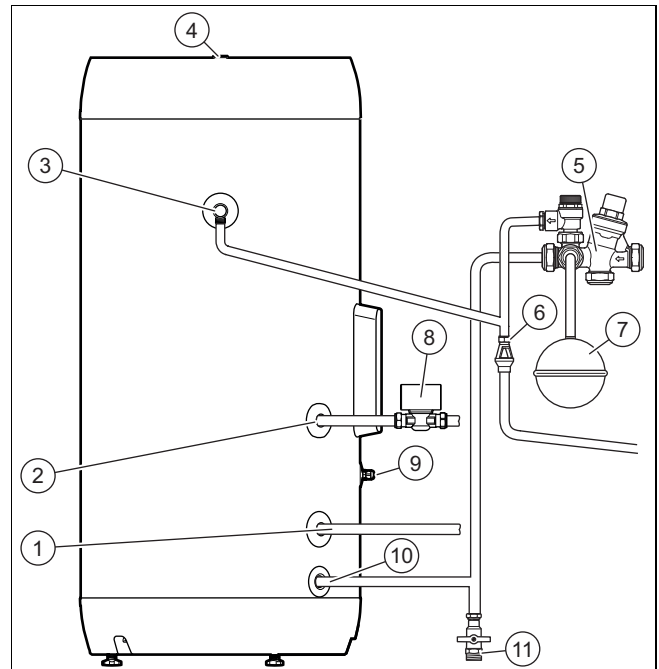


#### Caution.

#### Risk of material damage to the cylinder.

If an unvented hot water cylinder is fitted at a high level (eg, loft space), potential damage to the cylinder may occur if the correct method of draining is not followed.

- ▶ In certain circumstances and at the discretion of the installer, install a WRAS approved automatic air vent on the hot water outlet at the highest point.

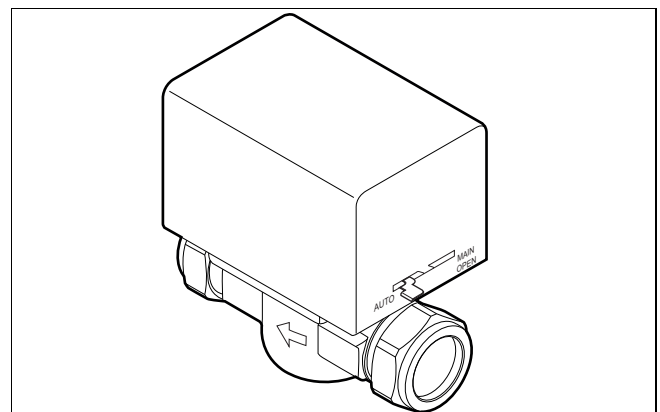


1	Heat generator heating return	6	Tundish
2	Heat generator heating flow	7	Expansion vessel
3	Temperature and pressure expansion relief valve	8	2-port motorised valve
4	Domestic hot water outlet	9	Dry pocket for the temperature sensor
5	Safety assembly	10	Cold water inlet
		11	Drain valve

### 5.2.1 Connecting the product to the heating circuit

1. Connect the product to the inlet (2) and the outlet (1) on the heating circuit.
  - Minimum diameter of the copper pipe:  $\geq 22$  mm
2. Ensure that the distance between the heat generator and the product is as small as possible in order to prevent heat losses.

#### Installing the 2-port motorised valve



3. Install the 2-port motorised valve at the heating coil's inlet or outlet.
4. For the 2-port motorised valve, follow the installation direction that is marked by an arrow.
5. The 2-port motorised valve can be installed vertically or horizontally. For horizontal installation, align the valve head so that it is facing upwards.



## 5.2.2 Installing the drain valve

The drain valve must be supplied by the customer.

Install the drain valve at the height of the cold water supply or further below this level.

## 5.2.3 Installing the safety group

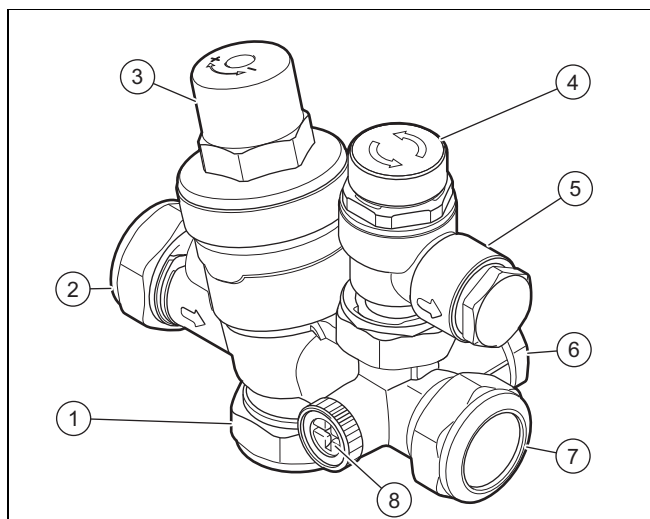


### Caution.

#### Excessive pressure in the domestic hot water cylinder

Excessive pressure in the domestic hot water cylinder may cause the cylinder to burst.

- ▶ Ensure that the expansion relief valves are not blocked.
- ▶ Ensure that there is no isolation valve between the safety group and the cylinder.



- |                                                 |                                                                            |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 Cold water with equal pressure                | 6 Connection for the expansion vessel (22 mm)                              |
| 2 Cold water inlet (22 mm)                      | 7 Flow of the cold water supply to the cylinder                            |
| 3 Pressure reducer                              | 8 Connecting a manometer (optional, not included in the scope of delivery) |
| 4 Expansion relief valve                        |                                                                            |
| 5 Outlet for the expansion relief valve (15 mm) |                                                                            |

1. Before installation, flush the pipes in order to clear any contamination and prevent the build up of dirt.
2. Install the safety group horizontally and install the expansion relief valve so that it is facing upwards.
3. Note the flow direction, which is specified by an arrow.
4. Connect the safety assembly to the drain valve. Consult the table below to find out the length to which the pipe should be cut.

Size of the cylinder	Length of the pipe that has a diameter of 22 mm	Pre-charge pressure of the expansion vessel
120	600 mm	0.3 MPa (3.0 bar)
150	800 mm	0.3 MPa (3.0 bar)

Size of the cylinder	Length of the pipe that has a diameter of 22 mm	Pre-charge pressure of the expansion vessel
180	800 mm	0.3 MPa (3.0 bar)
210	900 mm	0.3 MPa (3.0 bar)
250	1,150 mm	0.3 MPa (3.0 bar)
300	1,350 mm	0.3 MPa (3.0 bar)



### Note

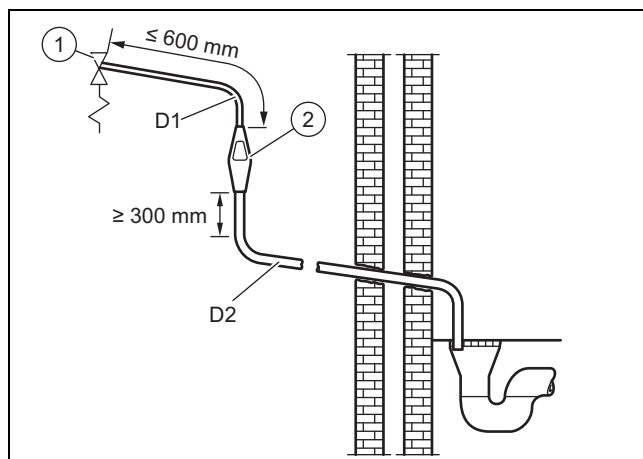
If you have to set up a secondary return, install the T-piece supplied for the VIH GB 250/3 BES and VIH GB 300/3 BES products.

5. Install a pipe between the safety assembly's connection (5) and the temperature and pressure relief valve. Use a T-piece for this. The pipe system must continuously slope outwards, must be visible and must be protected against frost. There must be no risk of injury to persons.
  - Diameter of the pipe: 15 mm
  - Length of the hose between the temperature and pressure expansion relief valve and the expansion relief valve (4): ≤ 600 mm
6. Connect the cold water supply to the safety group (2).
  - Diameter of the cold water supply pipe: ≥ 22 mm

## 5.2.4 Installing an expansion vessel

1. Install the expansion vessel close to the product.
2. Install a pipe at the expansion vessel and connect the terminal to the safety assembly (6).

## 5.2.5 Installing a discharge pipe



- 1 Temperature and pressure expansion relief valve
- 2 Tundish

The drain connections of the temperature and pressure relief valve and the expansion relief valve must be connected to the supplied tundish via 15-mm-thick copper pipes. The tundish must be installed vertically, as close to the cylinder as possible and with a maximum clearance of 600 mm from the connection of the temperature and pressure relief valve. It must be installed in the same room as the cylinder, but at

## 5 Installation

a sufficient distance from electrical components. The drain pipes from the temperature and pressure relief valve and from the expansion relief valve can be connected above the tundish using a T-piece. The drain pipe from the 22 mm connection of the tundish must consist of copper pipes with a diameter of at least 22 mm and be connected to a safe and visible drainage point. The vertical section of pipe beneath the tundish must be at least 300 mm long before any bends or diversions in the line. If the total resistance of the drain pipework exceeds the values in the following table, you must increase the diameter of the pipework. When installing the drain pipework, comply with the standards, directives and laws that are applicable in your country.

Size of the outlet valve	Minimum diameter of the discharge pipe D1	Minimum diameter of the discharge pipe from the tundish D2	Maximum permissible resistance, information on the length of a straight pipe	Resistance per elbow or bend
1/2"	15 mm	22 mm	9 mm	0.8 m
		28 mm	≤ 18 m	1.0 m
		35 mm	≤ 27 m	1.4 m
3/4"	22 mm	28 mm	≤ 9 m	1.0 m
		35 mm	≤ 18 m	1.4 m
		42 mm	≤ 27 m	1.7 m
1"	28 mm	35 mm	≤ 9 m	1.4 m
		42 mm	≤ 18 m	1.7 m
		54 mm	≤ 27 m	2.3 m

### Sample calculation

The following example corresponds to a temperature and pressure relief valve G1/2 with a drain pipe (D2) with four 22 mm elbows and a length of 7 m from the tundish to the drainage point. According to the table, the maximum permissible resistance for a straight length of a 22-mm-thick copper discharge pipe (D2) of a thermal expansion relief valve G1/2 is 9.0 m. The resistance of the four 22 mm elbows, which are each 0.8 m in length, must be subtracted from this, i.e. a total of 3.2 m. The maximum permitted length is accordingly 5.8 m and is therefore below the current length of 7 m. The calculation must therefore be performed using the second largest size. The maximum permissible resistance for a straight length of a 28-mm-thick pipe (D2) of a thermal expansion relief valve G1/2 is 18 m. The resistance of the four 28 mm elbows, which are each 1.0 m in length, must be subtracted from this, i.e. a total of 4.0 m. The maximum permitted length is accordingly 14 m. As the current length is 7 m, a 28 mm copper pipe (D2) should be selected.

A suitable location for the discharge pipe terminal is, for example, beneath a fixed mesh above the odour trap in a soakaway with a siphon. Low drain pipework, for example up to 100 mm above external surfaces (car parks, meadows, etc.) can be used provided that it is protected by a wire fence or something similar to prevent children from coming into contact with the waste water and provided that the system is not visible. Do not install any valves or stopcocks on the drain pipework.

Make sure that the discharge pipe from the tundish to the drain has a constant downward gradient of at least 1:200. The discharge pipe for the heat generator expansion relief

valve can be connected to the horizontal discharge pipe for the cylinder behind the tundish using a T-piece.

### 5.2.5.1 High-level drain

Installing the highest drain is permitted as long as this does not present a danger to anyone in or outside the building at the drain point. Examples of points to consider when deciding whether a location is suitable for the highest drain:

- The possibility (taking the wind into account) that a person might stay in the area where the water is drained for a prolonged period of time, and, if this is the case, whether the water is sufficiently cooled by that point to pose no danger. The thermal conductivity of the material surfaces, the climatic conditions, the installation location and the drain pipework direction can, to different extents, contribute to reducing the temperature of the water that is being drained.
- The position of the windows and other openings.
- The probability of prams being under the drain opening.
- The resistance of the surface to hot water.
- The possibility of ice forming if water drains onto access paths.

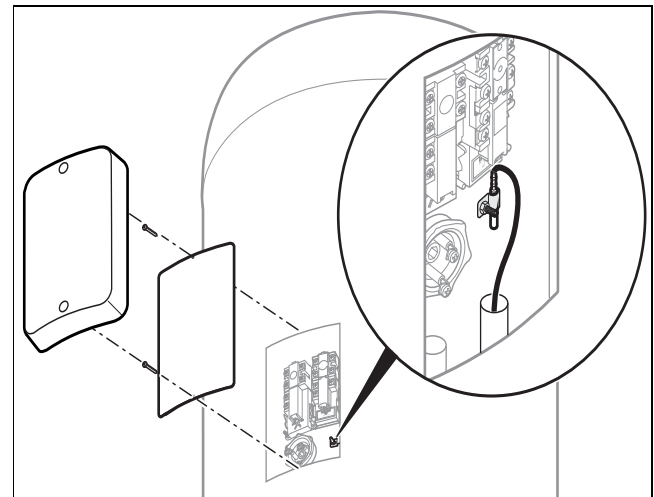
### 5.2.6 Installing the temperature sensor for the immersion heater



#### Note

The temperature sensor is used to control the immersion heater via a multi-functional module or a control.

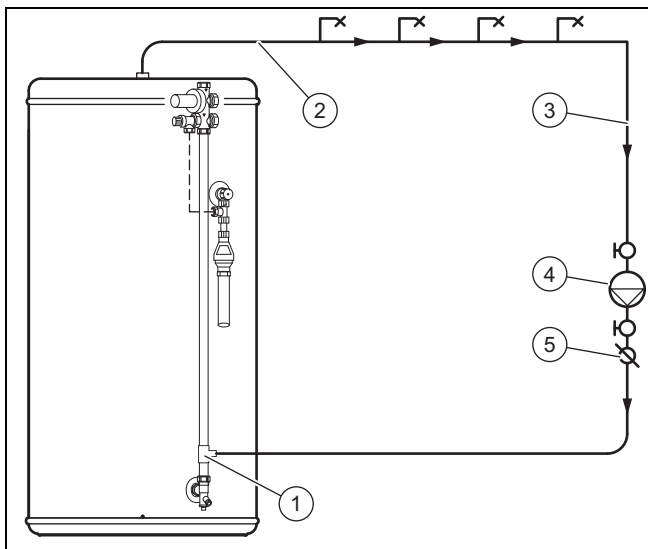
**Condition:** With a multi-functional module or control



- Secure the temperature sensor.

### 5.2.7 Installing a secondary return

Validity: VIH GB 250/3 BES  
OR VIH GB 300/3 BES



- |   |                                                                                       |   |                       |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 1 | T-piece for the secondary return (included in the scope of delivery for the cylinder) | 3 | Secondary return pipe |
| 2 | Domestic hot water outlet                                                             | 4 | Circulation pump      |
|   |                                                                                       | 5 | Non-return valve      |

Carry out the installation in accordance with the basic diagram above.

### 5.3 Electrical installation



**Danger!**  
**Risk of death from electric shock!**

The power supply terminals L and N are live:

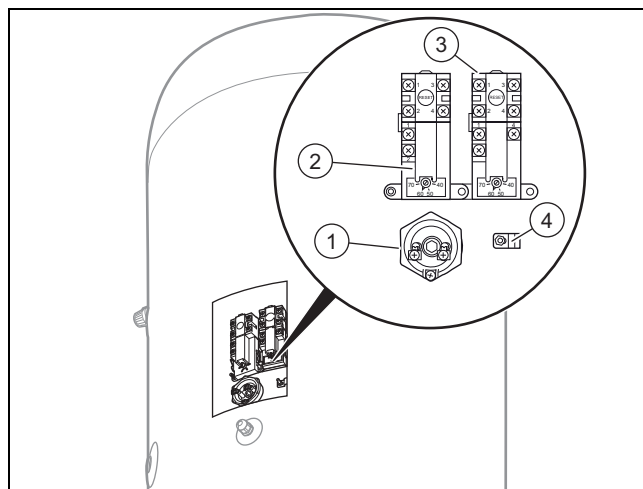
- ▶ Switch off the power supply.
- ▶ Secure the power supply against being switched back on.



**Caution.**  
**Risk of material damage by drilling through the product.**

The product may be damaged by drilling work.

- ▶ Do not drill through the product.

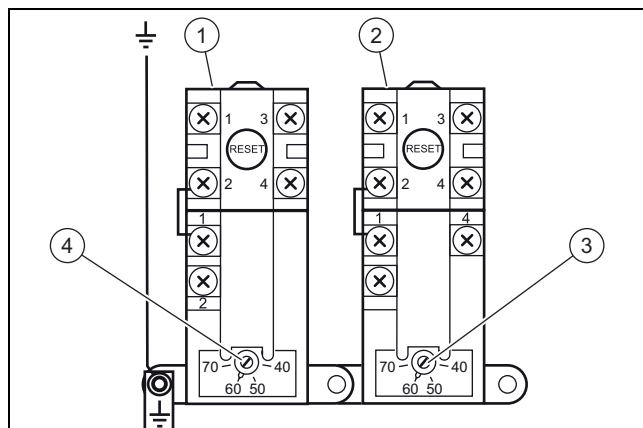


- |   |                             |   |                                     |
|---|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | Immersion heater            | 3 | Primary circuit thermostat          |
| 2 | Immersion heater thermostat | 4 | Retainer for the temperature sensor |

### 5.3.1 Optional combination of thermostats

Use the wiring diagram in the system instructions for the installation.

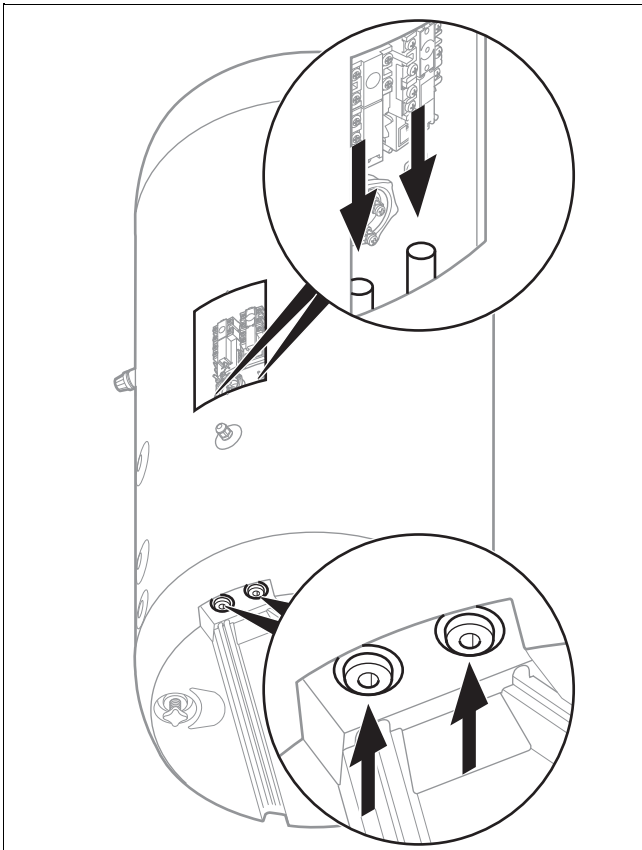
### 5.3.2 Thermostats



- |   |                                                         |   |                                                |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Thermal cut-out and reset knob for the immersion heater | 3 | Setting the temperature of the primary circuit |
| 2 | Thermal cut-out and reset knob for the primary circuit  | 4 | Immersion heater temperature control           |

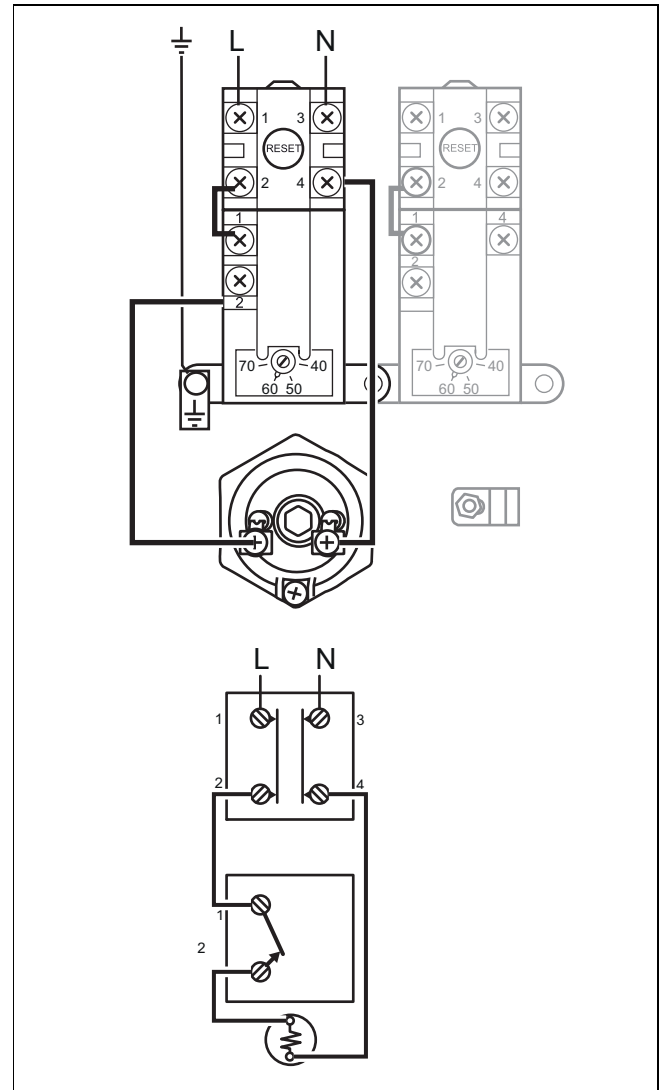
## 5 Installation

### 5.3.3 Cable route



- Use the grommets that are included in the scope of delivery for the cylinder in the electronics box.

### 5.3.4 Connecting the immersion heater to the power supply



1. Remove the cover for the electrics on the cylinder.
2. Install a separate power supply for the immersion heater in accordance with the applicable standards.
3. Use heat-resistant cables for the immersion heater connection.
  - Diameter of the cable: 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>
4. Connect the thermal cut-out to the mains power supply using a double-pole disconnector with a contact gap of at least 3 mm at both poles.
5. Protect the electrical circuit using a fuse.
  - Fuse: 13 A
6. Connect the immersion heater as shown in the basic diagram.
7. Attach the cover for the electrics on the cylinder.

### 5.3.5 Electrical connection of the temperature sensor

**Condition:** With a multi-functional module or control

- Connect the temperature sensor to the multi-functional module or the control; to do this, see the instructions for the control or multi-functional module.

### 5.3.6 Connecting the control

**Condition:** eBUS

The thermal cut-out for the primary circuit is not used when connecting an eBUS unit.

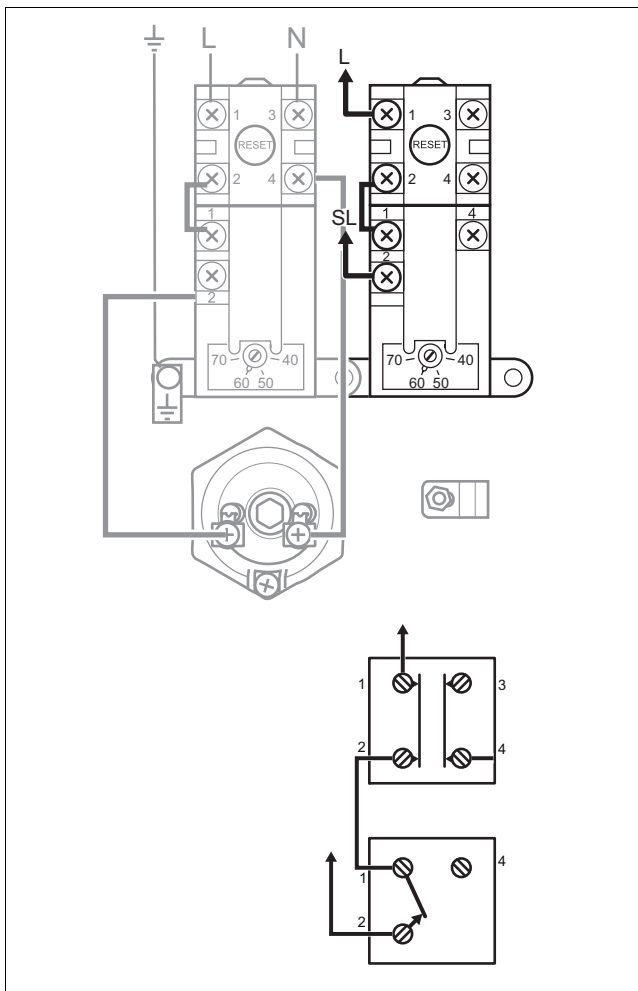
**Condition:** 230 V control

If you use a 230 V control from a third-party manufacturer, connect the thermal cut-out (2) and (3) for the primary circuit with the 2-way motorised valve to isolate the heat source in the event of a fault in the 2-way motorised valve.

### 5.3.7 Electric connection for the primary circuit

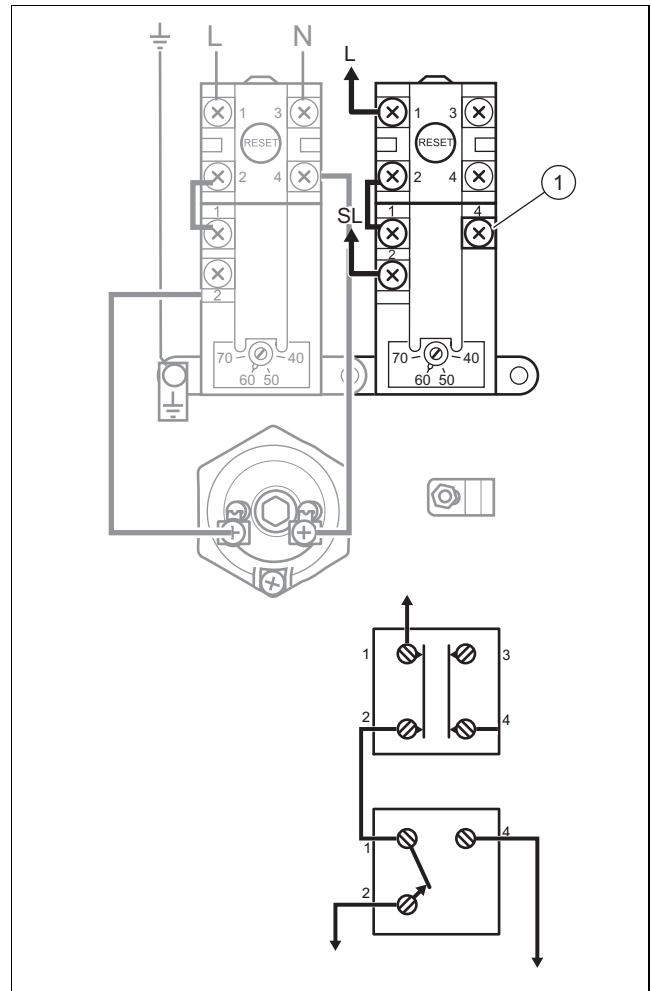
1. Connect the thermostat for the primary circuit and the thermal cut-out.
  - Diameter of the cable: 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>

**Condition:** S plan



► Connect the assembly.

**Condition:** Y plan



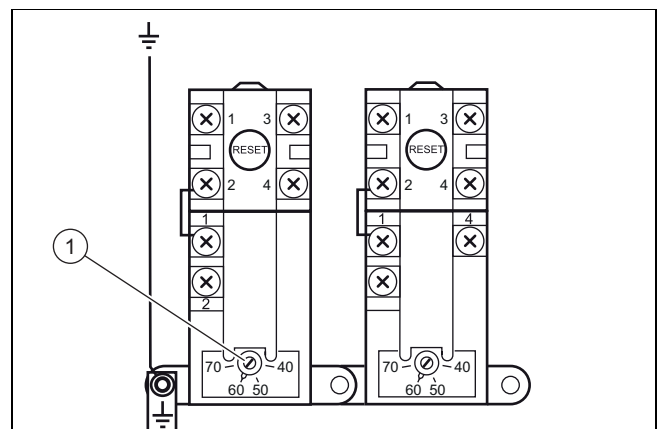
► Connect the plug (1) to the electronics box.

### 5.3.8 Connecting the 2-port motorised valve to the power supply

- Connect the 2-port motorised valve; to do this, see the instructions for the control or multi-functional module.

## 6 Start-up

### 6.1 Setting the immersion heater thermostat



The domestic hot water temperature is controlled via the immersion heater thermostat (1).

## 7 Handing the product over to the end user

**Condition:** Without a multi-functional module or control

- ▶ Set the domestic hot water temperature as desired.

**Condition:** With multi-functional module or control

- ▶ Set the immersion heater thermostat **(1)** to its maximum.

The temperature of the immersion heater is regulated via the temperature sensor that is installed on the carrier in the electronics box.

### 6.2 Cold water inlet pressure

The product's efficiency depends on the cold water inlet pressure.

To achieve optimum efficiency, we recommend a pressure of at least 2 bar.

### 6.3 Filling and purging the product



#### Note

It is not permitted to use valves or expansion relief valves for the purging.

1. Check whether the drain valve is closed.
2. Open the domestic hot water draw-off valves.
3. Open the water supply valve.
4. Open the manual air separator at the top of the cylinder.
5. Let the water flow in order to remove any air bubbles.
6. Close the manual air separator as soon as all of the air has escaped.
7. Close the domestic hot water draw-off valves.
8. Check whether there are any leaks. Check the immersion heater in particular.
9. Open the highest hot water supply valve, and then the lowest hot water supply valve, and let the water flow.
  - Water running time:  $\geq 5$  min
10. Close all of the draw-off valves.

### 6.4 Filling and purging the heating circuit



#### Note

The heating circuit can be filled using a filling device or a separate filling tap, which is installed at a location that is easily accessible.

The separate filling tap must be removed after filling.

If a filling device is used, close the filling valve and remove the filling device.

If you are not permitted to use a separate filling tap due to legal provisions, use a pump.

1. Move the lever on the 2-port motorised valve to MAN OPEN and hold it in this position.
2. Flush out the heating circuit and then fill and purge it. Consult the installation instructions for the heat generator.
3. Move the lever to AUTO.
4. Remove the cover for the electrics.
5. Set the product's thermostat and the immersion heater's thermostat.

- Setting the thermostats: 60 °C
6. Start up the heat generator.
  7. Drain the heating circuit as soon as the operating temperature has been reached in order to remove any residue from the heating installation.
  8. Fill and purge the heating circuit. Consult the installation instructions for the heat generator.

## 7 Handing the product over to the end user

- ▶ Once the installation is complete, show the user the location and function of the safety devices.
- ▶ Inform the end user how to handle the product.
- ▶ In particular, draw attention to the safety warnings which the end user must follow.
- ▶ Inform the end user of the necessity to have the product maintained according to the specified intervals.

## 8 Troubleshooting

### 8.1 Detecting and eliminating faults

- ▶ If problems occur whilst operating the product, check certain points with the aid of the table in the appendix. Detecting and eliminating faults (→ Page 16)

### 8.2 Procuring spare parts

The original components of the product were also certified by the manufacturer as part of the declaration of conformity. If you use other, non-certified or unauthorised parts during maintenance or repair work, this may void the conformity of the product and it will therefore no longer comply with the applicable standards.

We strongly recommend that you use original spare parts from the manufacturer as this guarantees fault-free and safe operation of the product. To receive information about the available original spare parts, contact the contact address provided on the back page of these instructions.

- ▶ If you require spare parts for maintenance or repair work, use only the spare parts that are permitted for the product.

## 9 Inspection and maintenance

### 9.1 Observing inspection and maintenance intervals

Adhere to the minimum inspection and maintenance intervals. The inspection may require maintenance to be carried out earlier, depending on the results.

Inspection and maintenance work – Overview (→ Page 16)

The immersion heater can be removed in order to inspect the inside of the cylinder.

## 9.2 Draining the product

1. Close the cold water draw-off valve.
2. Secure a hose to the drain valve.
3. Position the hose at a suitable drain.
4. Open the highest hot water tap in the installation.
5. Open the drain valve and drain the product completely.
6. Close the hot water tap and the drain valve.
7. Remove the hose.

## 9.3 Checking the safety group's expansion relief valve and the cylinder's expansion relief valve

1. Open all expansion relief valves by turning the plug.
2. Check whether the water is flowing into the tundish.
3. Check that the expansion relief valves are in the correct position and then check the pressure.
4. Check and, if required, clean the pressure reducer.

## 9.4 Checking the pre-charge pressure of the expansion vessel

1. Drain the product. (→ Page 15)
2. Measure the pre-charge pressure of the expansion vessel at the vessel valve.

**Condition:** Pressure <0.3 MPa (0.3 bar)

- ▶ Top up the expansion vessel in accordance with the static height of the heating installation, ideally with nitrogen, otherwise with air.
3. If water escapes from the valve of the expansion vessel, you must replace the expansion vessel.
  4. Fill and purge the product. (→ Page 14)

## 10 Decommissioning the product

- ▶ Switch off the heat generator.
- ▶ Unplug the domestic hot water cylinder's mains plug.
- ▶ Close the cold-water stopcock.
- ▶ Drain the product. (→ Page 15)
- ▶ Remove the hydraulic connections and the temperature sensor.
- ▶ Remove the cables for the temperature sensor from the heat generator, control or multi-functional module.

## 11 Customer service

To ensure regular servicing, it is strongly recommended that arrangements are made for a Maintenance Agreement. Please contact Vaillant Service Solutions for further details:

Telephone: 0330 100 3461



## Appendix

### A Detecting and eliminating faults

Fault	Possible cause	Remedy
No flow rate at the valve	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Water supply valve closed</li> <li>2. Main filter blocked</li> <li>3. Pressure reducer not installed correctly</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check and open the valve.</li> <li>2. Close the water supply valve, clean the filter and the water pressure reducer.</li> <li>3. Check whether the pressure reducer has been installed correctly.</li> </ol>
Low flow rate and pressure at a valve	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Filter in cold water supply clogged</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Close the cold water supply, clean the filter for the water pressure reducer.</li> </ol>
Water from the valve is cold	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The cylinder was not set or is not operating.</li> <li>2. The heat generator does not work.</li> <li>3. The thermal cut-out was triggered.</li> <li>4. The 2-port motorised valve is not working</li> <li>5. The immersion heater does not work.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the thermostat or the room thermostat and, if required, set this.</li> <li>2. Check the heat generator; a fault code is present.</li> <li>3. Check and initialise the cylinder.</li> <li>4. Check the valve's connections.</li> <li>5. Set the thermostat or the room thermostat.</li> </ol>
Domestic hot water temperature too high	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Use a thermometer to check the temperature; it must be between 60 and 65 °C.</li> <li>2. Check the cabling.</li> <li>3. Thermostat set too high</li> <li>4. Defective thermostat</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Install a mixer tap.</li> <li>2. Repair the cable.</li> <li>3. Reduce the temperature of the thermostat to 55 °C.</li> <li>4. Replace the thermostat.</li> </ol>
Irregular domestic hot water output at the valve	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Defective expansion vessel</li> <li>2. Thermal control</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Set the expansion vessel.</li> <li>2. Interrupt the power supply of the product and heat generator, check the thermal cut-outs and replace these if you find any defects.</li> </ol>

### B Inspection and maintenance work – Overview

N°	Work	Maintenance-related interval
1	Check the connections for tightness.	Annually
2	Check the temperature and pressure expansion relief valve.	Annually
3	Check the expansion relief valve.	Annually
4	Check the pressure in the expansion vessel.	Annually
5	Check the domestic hot water output at the valve (if required, clean the filters).	Annually
6	Check the target domestic hot water temperature.	Annually
7	Fill out the cylinder's benchmark checklist.	Annually

### C Technical data

#### Technical data – General

	VIH GB 120/3 BES	VIH GB 150/3 BES	VIH GB 180/3 BES	VIH GB 200/3 BES	VIH GB 250/3 BES	VIH GB 300/3 BES
Actual volumetric capacity	114.8 l	144.9 l	175.2 l	194.0 l	244.8 l	284.3 l
Hot water volumetric capacity	106.0 l	135.2 l	161.0 l	170.0 l	229.0 l	254.0 l
Maximum pressure of the heating tube coil during operation	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)
Operating pressure	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)
Maximum operating pressure	0.7 MPa (7.0 bar)	0.7 MPa (7.0 bar)	0.7 MPa (7.0 bar)	0.7 MPa (7.0 bar)	0.7 MPa (7.0 bar)	0.7 MPa (7.0 bar)
Pressure of the pressure reducer	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)	0.35 MPa (3.50 bar)
Opening pressure in the expansion relief valve	0.6 MPa (6.0 bar)	0.6 MPa (6.0 bar)	0.6 MPa (6.0 bar)	0.6 MPa (6.0 bar)	0.6 MPa (6.0 bar)	0.6 MPa (6.0 bar)



	VIH GB 120/3 BES	VIH GB 150/3 BES	VIH GB 180/3 BES	VIH GB 200/3 BES	VIH GB 250/3 BES	VIH GB 300/3 BES
Temperature and pressure expansion relief valve	0.7 MPa (7.0 bar)	0.7 MPa (7.0 bar)	0.7 MPa (7.0 bar)	0.7 MPa (7.0 bar)	0.7 MPa (7.0 bar)	0.7 MPa (7.0 bar)
Temperature and pressure expansion relief valve	90 °C	90 °C	90 °C	90 °C	90 °C	90 °C
Load pressure in the expansion vessel	0.3 MPa (3.0 bar)	0.3 MPa (3.0 bar)	0.3 MPa (3.0 bar)	0.3 MPa (3.0 bar)	0.3 MPa (3.0 bar)	0.3 MPa (3.0 bar)
Maximum temperature of the heating circuit	95 °C	95 °C	95 °C	95 °C	95 °C	95 °C
Maximum domestic hot water temperature	85 °C	85 °C	85 °C	85 °C	85 °C	85 °C
Heat loss (24 hrs)	0.83 kWh	0.86 kWh	1.11 kWh	1.22 kWh	1.41 kWh	1.59 kWh
Reheating time	20.42 min	26.60 min	29.58 min	31.61 min	43.34 min	48.50 min
Reheating time (70%)	14.29 min	18.62 min	20.71 min	22.13 min	30.34 min	33.95 min
Reheating output	15.8 kW	17.2 kW	17.1 kW	16.9 kW	16.6 kW	16.5 kW
Flow rate	900 l/h	900 l/h	900 l/h	900 l/h	900 l/h	900 l/h
Pressure loss in the primary heat exchanger	50 mbar	50 mbar	50 mbar	50 mbar	50 mbar	50 mbar
Volume of the heat exchanger	3.7 l	3.7 l	4.4 l	4.4 l	4.4 l	4.4 l
Surface of the heat exchanger	0.69 m <sup>2</sup>	0.69 m <sup>2</sup>	0.80 m <sup>2</sup>	0.80 m <sup>2</sup>	0.80 m <sup>2</sup>	0.80 m <sup>2</sup>
Volume of the expansion vessel	12 l	12 l	18 l	18 l	25 l	25 l
Tilt dimension	1,020 mm	1,150 mm	1,300 mm	1,390 mm	1,640 mm	1,840 mm
Net weight	30.0 kg	35.0 kg	39.0 kg	42.0 kg	48.0 kg	54.0 kg
Weight including heating water and domestic hot water	148.5 kg	183.6 kg	218.6 kg	240.4 kg	297.2 kg	342.7 kg

#### Technical data – Hydraulic connection

	VIH GB 120/3 BES	VIH GB 150/3 BES	VIH GB 180/3 BES	VIH GB 200/3 BES	VIH GB 250/3 BES	VIH GB 300/3 BES
Cold water inlet	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in
Domestic hot water outlet	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in
Heat generator heating flow	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in
Heat generator heating return	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in	0.75 in
Temperature dry pocket	8 mm	8 mm	8 mm	8 mm	8 mm	8 mm
Immersion heater diameter	1 1/4 in	1 1/4 in	1 1/4 in	1 1/4 in	1 1/4 in	1 1/4 in

#### Technical data – Electrics

	VIH GB 120/3 BES	VIH GB 150/3 BES	VIH GB 180/3 BES	VIH GB 200/3 BES	VIH GB 250/3 BES	VIH GB 300/3 BES
Connecting the immersion heater to the power supply	230 V / 50 Hz	230 V / 50 Hz	230 V / 50 Hz	230 V / 50 Hz	230 V / 50 Hz	230 V / 50 Hz
Immersion heater power	2.8 kW	2.8 kW	2.8 kW	2.8 kW	2.8 kW	2.8 kW
2-port motorised valve	230/240 V, 50Hz	230/240 V, 50Hz	230/240 V, 50Hz	230/240 V, 50Hz	230/240 V, 50Hz	230/240 V, 50Hz
Thermostat	230/240 V, 50Hz	230/240 V, 50Hz	230/240 V, 50Hz	230/240 V, 50Hz	230/240 V, 50Hz	230/240 V, 50Hz
IP rating	21	21	21	21	21	21

#### Technical data – Material

	VIH GB 120/3 BES	VIH GB 150/3 BES	VIH GB 180/3 BES	VIH GB 200/3 BES	VIH GB 250/3 BES	VIH GB 300/3 BES
Cylinder material	Stainless steel (1.4521)	Stainless steel (1.4521)	Stainless steel (1.4521)	Stainless steel (1.4521)	Stainless steel (1.4521)	Stainless steel (1.4521)
Insulation material	Polyurethane	Polyurethane	Polyurethane	Polyurethane	Polyurethane	Polyurethane
Insulation thickness	50 mm	50 mm	50 mm	50 mm	50 mm	50 mm

# Appendix

	<b>VIH GB 120/3 BES</b>	<b>VIH GB 150/3 BES</b>	<b>VIH GB 180/3 BES</b>	<b>VIH GB 200/3 BES</b>	<b>VIH GB 250/3 BES</b>	<b>VIH GB 300/3 BES</b>
<b>Propellant for insulating material</b>	GWP < 5	GWP < 5	GWP < 5	GWP < 5	GWP < 5	GWP < 5
<b>ODP</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0

## D Commissioning Checklist

### Benchmark Commissioning and Servicing Section

It is a requirement that the cylinder is installed and commissioned to the manufacturers instructions and the data fields on the commissioning checklist completed in full.

To instigate the cylinder guarantee the cylinder needs to be registered with the manufacturer within one month of the installation.

To maintain the cylinder guarantee it is essential that the cylinder is serviced annually by a competent person who has been trained on the cylinder installed. The service details should be recorded on the Benchmark Service Interval Record and left with the householder.



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## MAINS PRESSURE HOT WATER STORAGE SYSTEM COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST

This Commissioning Checklist is to be completed in full by the competent person who commissioned the storage system as a means of demonstrating compliance with the appropriate Building Regulations and then handed to the customer to keep for future reference.

Failure to install and commission this equipment to the manufacturer's instructions may invalidate the warranty but does not affect statutory rights.

Customer name:		Telephone number:	
Address:			
Cylinder Make and Model			
Cylinder Serial Number			
Commissioned by (PRINT NAME):		Registered Operative ID Number	
Company name:		Telephone number:	
Company address:			
		Commissioning date:	
To be completed by the customer on receipt of a Building Regulations Compliance Certificate*:			
Building Regulations Notification Number (if applicable)			
<b>ALL SYSTEMS PRIMARY SETTINGS</b> (indirect heating only)			
Is the primary circuit a sealed or open vented system?		Sealed	Open
What is the maximum primary flow temperature?			°C
<b>ALL SYSTEMS</b>			
What is the incoming static cold water pressure at the inlet to the system?			bar
Has a strainer been cleaned of installation debris (if fitted)?		Yes	No
Is the installation in a hard water area (above 200ppm)?		Yes	No
If yes, has a water scale reducer been fitted?		Yes	No
What type of scale reducer has been fitted?			
What is the hot water thermostat set temperature?			°C
What is the maximum hot water flow rate at set thermostat temperature (measured at high flow outlet)?			l/min
Time and temperature controls have been fitted in compliance with Part L of the Building Regulations?		Yes	
Type of control system (if applicable)		Y Plan	S Plan
Is the cylinder solar (or other renewable) compatible?		Yes	No
What is the hot water temperature at the nearest outlet?			°C
All appropriate pipes have been insulated up to 1 metre or the point where they become concealed		Yes	
<b>UNVENTED SYSTEMS ONLY</b>			
Where is the pressure reducing valve situated (if fitted)?			
What is the pressure reducing valve setting?			bar
Has a combined temperature and pressure relief valve and expansion valve been fitted and discharge tested?		Yes	No
The tundish and discharge pipework have been connected and terminated to Part G of the Building Regulations		Yes	
Are all energy sources fitted with a cut out device?		Yes	No
Has the expansion vessel or internal air space been checked?		Yes	No
<b>THERMAL STORES ONLY</b>			
What store temperature is achievable?			°C
What is the maximum hot water temperature?			°C
<b>ALL INSTALLATIONS</b>			
The hot water system complies with the appropriate Building Regulations		Yes	
The system has been installed and commissioned in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions		Yes	
The system controls have been demonstrated to and understood by the customer		Yes	
The manufacturer's literature, including Benchmark Checklist and Service Record, has been explained and left with the customer		Yes	
Commissioning Engineer's Signature			
Customer's Signature			
(To confirm satisfactory demonstration and receipt of manufacturer's literature)			

\*All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.



**SERVICE RECORD**

It is recommended that your hot water system is serviced regularly and that the appropriate Service Record is completed.

**Service Provider**

Before completing the appropriate Service Record below, please ensure you have carried out the service as described in the manufacturer's instructions.

<b>SERVICE 01</b>		Date:	<b>SERVICE 02</b>		Date:
Engineer name:			Engineer name:		
Company name:			Company name:		
Telephone No:			Telephone No:		
Comments:			Comments:		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
Signature			Signature		
<b>SERVICE 03</b>		Date:	<b>SERVICE 04</b>		Date:
Engineer name:			Engineer name:		
Company name:			Company name:		
Telephone No:			Telephone No:		
Comments:			Comments:		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
Signature			Signature		
<b>SERVICE 05</b>		Date:	<b>SERVICE 06</b>		Date:
Engineer name:			Engineer name:		
Company name:			Company name:		
Telephone No:			Telephone No:		
Comments:			Comments:		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
Signature			Signature		
<b>SERVICE 07</b>		Date:	<b>SERVICE 08</b>		Date:
Engineer name:			Engineer name:		
Company name:			Company name:		
Telephone No:			Telephone No:		
Comments:			Comments:		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
Signature			Signature		
<b>SERVICE 09</b>		Date:	<b>SERVICE 10</b>		Date:
Engineer name:			Engineer name:		
Company name:			Company name:		
Telephone No:			Telephone No:		
Comments:			Comments:		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
.....			.....		
Signature			Signature		

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**Supplier**

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Subject to technical modifications.